

May 7, 2007

To All Concerned Parties

Issuer of Real Estate Investment Trust Securities
1-1, Nihonbashi-Muromachi 2-chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-0022
Nippon Accommodations Fund Inc.
Representative Executive Director Nobuyuki Nakai
(Code number 3226)

Investment Trust Management Company
Mitsui Fudosan Accommodations Fund Management Co., Ltd.
Representative President and CEO Nobuyuki Nakai
Contact CFO and Director Morio Shibata
(TEL 03-3246-3677)

Notification of Borrowing Funds

This is a notification that Nippon Accommodations Fund Inc. ("NAF") decided to borrow funds as shown below.

1. Use of Funds

Allocated to repay existing debt

2.Details of Loans

Lender	Loan amount	Interest rate	Loan type & Repayment method	Date of Loan	Date of Maturity
Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.	3.5 billion yen	0.88417%	Unsecured & unguaranteed, Bullet repayment	May 7, 2007	July 31, 2007
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.	3 billion yen	0.90417%	Unsecured & unguaranteed, Bullet repayment	May 7, 2007	July 31, 2007

This English language notice is a translation of the Japanese language notice dated May 1, 2007 and was prepared solely for the convenience of, and reference by, overseas investors. NAF makes no warranties as to its accuracy or completeness.

<Attached documents>

- Status of interest-bearing debt after this event

Reference data

<Status of interest-bearing debt after this event>

(Unit: billion yen)

	Before this event	After this event	Change
Short-term debt	15.5	15.5	-
Long-term debt	34.0	34.0	-
Total interest-bearing debt	49.5	49.5	-

Interest-bearing debt ratio	44.8%	44.8%	-
Long term interest-bearing debt ratio	68.7%	68.7%	-

(*1) The following formula was used to calculate the interest-bearing debt ratio.

$(\text{interest bearing debt ratio}) = (\text{interest bearing debt}) \div (\text{interest bearing debt} + \text{unitholder's capital}) \times 100$

The unitholder's capital as of today (60,978,700,000 yen) was used.

(*2) $(\text{long term interest bearing debt ratio}) = (\text{long term debt}) \div (\text{interest bearing debt}) \times 100$

(*3) All calculations of ratios were rounded to one decimal place.